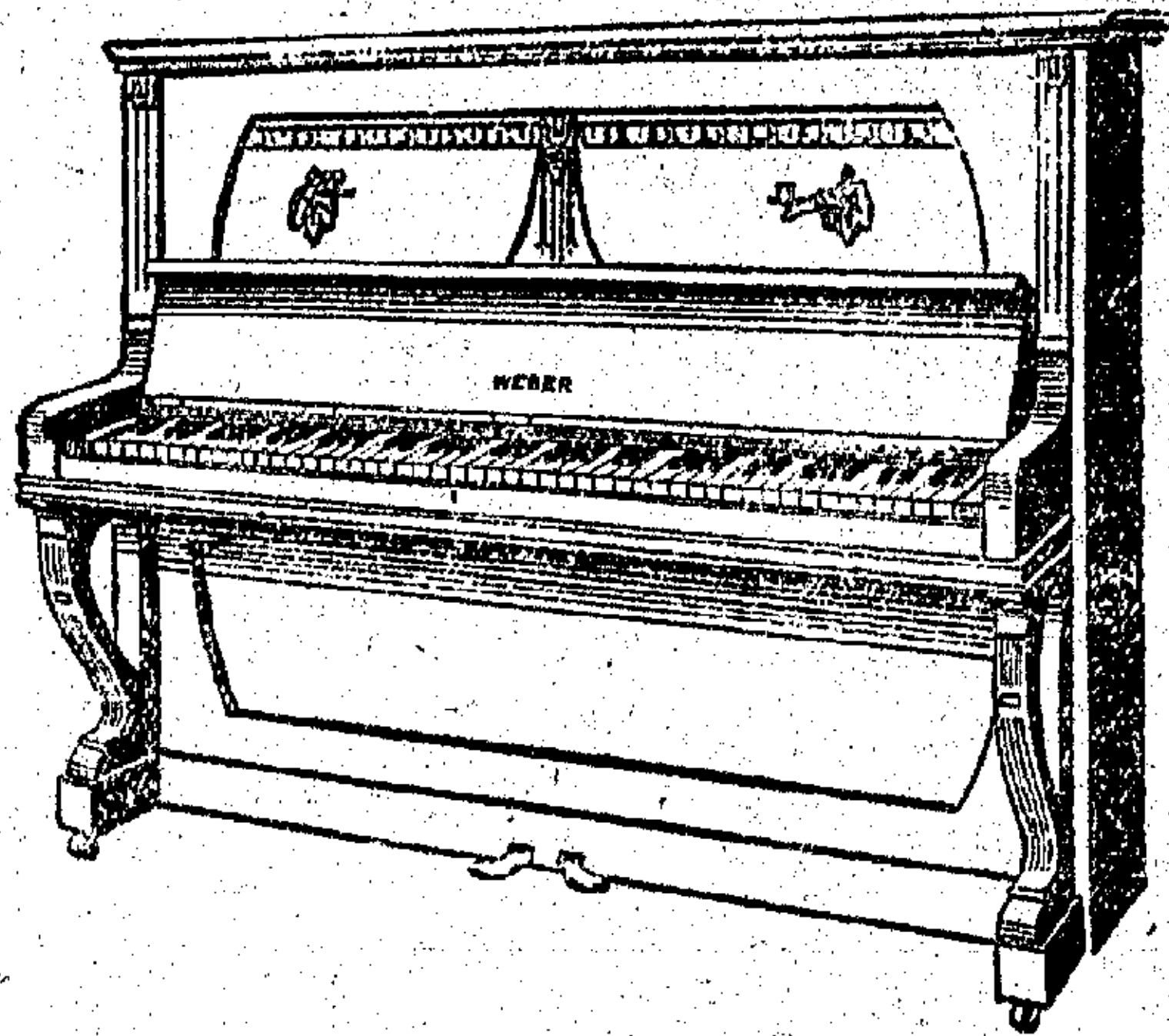


INTIMATIONS

THE

WEBER PIANO

We have received New Models of this famous ENGLISH Piano and invite inspection.



SOLE AGENTS:

MOUTRIE'S.

[29-1]

WHY SHOULD ONE DRINK

No. 10

WHISKY?

BECAUSE

"ONE OUGHT."

DISTILLED BY JAS. WATSON & Co., LTD.

DUNDEE.

SOLE AGENTS IN SOUTH CHINA:

DONNELLY & WHYTE.

HONGKONG AND CANTON.

Telephone 636.

[1206]

RHODINE

RHODINE means acetyl salicylic acid of the purest quality.

It is the equivalent of the German Aspirin and is as efficient if not more so than this last product for the same therapeutic purposes.

Each tablet contains 0.50 grammes of pure RHODINE.

From 1 to 6 tablets a day may be taken, according to physicians' prescription.

RHODINE is a special remedy for acute rheumatism. If taken in proper doses, it will often cure and always alleviate headache, neuralgia, stomachic pain, etc., if those complaints find their origin in rheumatism.

It is very valuable in influenza, typhoid fever and in all kinds of infectious diseases attended by feverishness.

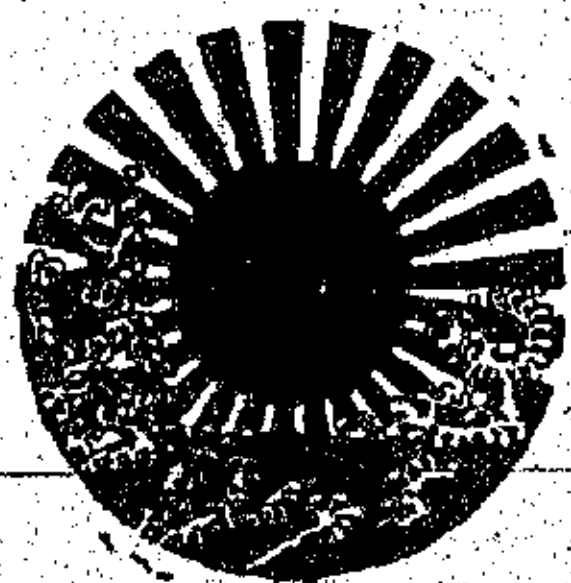
These tablets may be taken at any time, in a small quantity of water in which they will dissolve almost immediately.

Alkaline water, Eau de Vichy or water containing bicarbonate of soda, for instance, should be avoided.

OBTAINABLE AT ALL CHEMISTS.

[1205]

Grand Prize of Honour
Panama-Pacific International Exposition
SAN FRANCISCO, 1915



ASAHI-BEER
SOLD EVERYWHERE

[106]

IT STANDS TO REASON

that the best proof of the excellence of any medical preparation is its continued popularity. Beecham's Pills have been before the public for upwards of half a century, and it is acknowledged that they are, now, in greater demand than ever. Their enormous sales are still on the increase. No medicine could achieve such a remarkable success unless it had proved itself to be of very real worth and practical value.

Beecham's Pills

have justified public confidence. In thousands of homes, to-day, experience has proved the beneficent results obtained from the use of these pills in cases of biliousness, sluggish liver, impaired digestion and a disordered condition of the bowels. It is a safe and prudent thing should you feel "out-of-sorts" to rely upon the curative properties of this excellent preparation. You will speedily find that Beecham's Pills

WILL DO YOU GOOD.

Sold everywhere in boxes, price 9/6 (36 pills) 1/11d (56 pills) & 2/9 (108 pills).

SPORT.

CRICKET.

CLUB DEFEAT R.E.

The Hongkong C.C. defeated the R.E. in a match on the Club ground on Saturday by 16 runs and two wickets. The soldiers made quite a good show, and did well to compile 110 runs. The Club passed this total after the fifth wicket had fallen. Dr. Aubrey (37) and Taylor (30) being the chief scorers. The Club's bowling analysis was "all at sea" in the score book and cannot fairly be mentioned. For the R.E., Scott took 3 for 34, Wyatt 2 for 22, and Heath 2 for 19. Scores.

R.E.

Sergt. McGregor, c Mitchell, b Pearce	9
Q.M.S. Wyatt, c Pearce, b Stalker	10
Cpl. Pearce, c Thursfield, b Taylor	10
Cpl. Scott, c Pearce, b Stalker	22
Spr. Wright, b Stalker	1
Sgt. Black, b Taylor	0
Spr. Millard, b Taylor	0
Cpl. Heath, not out	13
Lieut. Wahl, run out	44
Cpl. Skelcher, c Stalker, b Morgan	5
Spr. Cruickshanks, st. Austin, b Morgan	0
Extras	6
Total	110

CLUB.

H. H. Taylor, b Wyatt	30
M. M. Maas, run out	1
J. Stalker, c Wyatt, b Scott	1
E. J. R. Mitchell, c Wyatt, b Scott	0
L. D. Nicoll, c Black, b Heath	21
R. P. Thursfield, b Wyatt	8
Dr. Aubrey, c Pearce, b Heath	37
R. M. Austin, b Scott	1
Col. Morgan, not out	1
T. E. Pearce, did not bat	—
F. Syme-Thompson, did not bat	—
Extras	6
Total (for 8)	126

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

CLUB v. R.E.'s.

These teams lined out on the Club ground on Saturday. Both left out some of the recognised players and tried new men. Teams:—

Club—Goldenberg; Ralston and Dickie; Brenner, Stewart and Bond; Purves, Robinson, Chasels, Stalker and Rodger.

R.E.'s—Wilkinson; Cruickshanks and Coxon; Pettes, Smith and Brennan; Walters, Townsend, Mortop, White and Baker.

Referee, Cpl. Allen.

With one or two exceptions all the players made a good show, and some good work was seen in both forward lines. Stalker and Rodger on the Club left, judiciously "fed" by Chasels, caused the R.E.'s defence much trouble.

Coxon coming in for the lion's share of the work in sending them back again and again. In the soldiers' forward line, Mortop and Townsend were the pick, and Stewart and Ralston were specially busy in dealing with their efforts at scoring. Dickie was early hurt, in spite of having almost all the game, the R.E. could not find the net.

The R.E. broke away and ought to have scored but missed badly. Just before the whistle sounded for time Davies put his side still further ahead with a good shot. Jones, the R.E. goalie, in spite of letting five goals through, played a good game for his side, stopping quite a number of difficult shots. Mr. Wright was in charge of the game. Scores:—"A" Coy. K.S.L.I., 4; R.E., 0.

ISLAMICS v. POLICE RESERVE.

The Police were no match for the Islamics in this game on the Naval ground on Saturday. From the start Islamics pelted away at their opponents' goal, but thanks to the effective if somewhat unorthodox play of the Police Reserve goalkeeper, it was some twenty minutes before the Islamics were able to open the scoring, when Dyer did the "meddled" Iron. Bux followed with another, the teams changing ends with the Islamics leading by two goals to nil.

The second half was almost a replica of the first. "Iron" Bux, Omar and Dyer scoring in succession. The game teams ended in a very easy win for the Islamics by 5 goals to nil.

87th COY., R.G.A. v. 88th COY., R.G.A.

These teams met on the Military Ground, and the 88th Company, who went the whole season last year without losing a match in the Second Division, gained a narrow victory by one goal to nil. The game opened sensationally, the 88th Company taking the ball straight down the field, where Coventry scored with a fine shot. Youngman gave his side another chance with a good centre, but Watson just failed to get to it. The game was mostly in 87th Company's half, but their backs played good football and the goalie was not often called upon to save. From a nice pass by Lieut. Hall, Youngman got away, and had hard lines in not scoring. Shortly afterwards a pass from the right wing across the mouth of the goal was missed by Watson and Coventry. The teams changed ends with no further score.

In the second half the 88th Company still pressed but their passing was very poor, the ball being invariably passed by the half backs straight down the field, where it generally came in contact with one of the opposing backs. The 87th Company backs played a fine game, particularly Saunders, and they undoubtedly saved their side from a greater defeat. Scores:—88th Company R.G.A., 1; 87th Company R.G.A., 0. Referee, Mr. Banks.

The South China Athletic meet the University, in the 2nd Division, on the Navy Ground to-day. Kick-off, 4.30 p.m.

CLUB LUSITANO.

AN ANNIVERSARY GATHERING.

On Saturday evening a large gathering of the Portuguese community assembled at the Club Lusitano to commemorate the third anniversary of the foundation of the Associação Portuguesa de Socorros Mutuos, which was inaugurated in Hongkong on October 21st, 1913.

The interior of the Club was decorated for the occasion. The arch at the entrance was ornamented with the Portuguese and English flags and the stairs were draped with national colours. At the top of the main door to the Casino Hall was an artistic emblem of the association, a Portuguese shield with the dates 1913-1916 composed of white lilies, upon an evergreen ground. The Hall was decorated with bunting and flags of the Allies. The "Noble Hall," was reserved for refreshments. Dancing commenced at 8 p.m. During a short interval enthusiastic speeches were delivered by the President of the Association, Mr. Leo D'Almada e Castro, Mr. V. F. Soares, Mr. F. P. de V. Soares, and Mr. E. V. M. R. de Souza (Acting Portuguese Consul). Mr. Almadia, in his opening address, which was received with great enthusiasm, gave a brief sketch of the Association, expressing the purpose for which it had been created, and of its importance for the welfare of the Portuguese Community. He emphasised the necessity of unity, labour and perseverance in order to attain the desideratum of the newly-formed Association.

Mr. V. Soares appealed to the true feelings of patriotism in order that such a noble Association might be maintained, not only for the welfare of the community, but for the benefit of the generations to come.

Mr. F. Soares spoke most enthusiastically of the splendid success the Association has achieved during the three years of its existence. He appealed to the whole community, whether members or non-members, to unite in their efforts on behalf of the Association.

Mr. E. V. M. R. de Souza complimented the members of the Committee on the success of the gathering, and wished the Association long life. He expressed his high appreciation of the way in which the Association had been conducted and managed by the members of the Committee, and of the very satisfactory report presented.

The Orchestra Philharmonica did excellent service during the proceedings and songs were rendered by Messrs. F. G. D'Aquino and F. Botelho.

ROYAL ENGINEERS RESERVES v. "A" COY., K.S.L.I.

The K.S.L.I. brought out a strong team for this match, and the R.E., being rather weak, went down heavily. From the start the Shropshire pressed and the R.E. goal was soon in danger. The ball passed over the bar, however. The combination of the Shropshire forwards was excellent, Davies, Brown and Pellow being especially good. Davies opened the scoring for the K.S.L.I. with a good shot, and shortly afterwards Brown, taking a beautiful pass from the right wing, added a second goal. Pellow put in some nice passes from the left wing, including a well-placed corner kick, but they were not utilised. Before half-time was reached Walsall scored a third for the Shropshire. In the second half, in spite of having almost all the game, the K.S.L.I. could not find the net.

The R.E. broke away and ought to have scored but missed badly. Just before the whistle sounded for time Davies put his side still further ahead with a good shot. Jones, the R.E. goalie, in spite of letting five goals through, played a good game for his side, stopping quite a number of difficult shots. Mr. Wright was in charge of the game. Scores:—"A" Coy. K.S.L.I., 4; R.E., 0.

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HONEST DOUBTERS.

ADDRESS BY THE BISHOP OF VICTORIA.

Special sermons on the objects of the National Mission are being preached at St. John's Cathedral. The Bishop of Victoria (Dr. Lander) was the preacher yesterday morning, when there was a large congregation. He prefaced his sermon by an appeal for Medical Missions. He said he had just returned from a visit to three Medical Missions—Pakhoi, Hoihow, and Yunnan-fu. In all of them a Christ-like work was being done by brave and self-sacrificing doctors and nurses. The C. M. S. Staff were working short-handed, having given of their small number a doctor and a nurse to war work, though they have recently extended their work of mercy to Yunnan-fu. There it is so much appreciated that the Governor of the Province has entrusted to Dr. Thompson the management of the Chinese Military Hospital, in which hundreds of wounded soldiers have been cared for. The Bishop added that he had dedicated a beautiful new church, which was largely the result of this work, the different articles for the equipment of the Church having been given by Chinese converts as a thank-offering. Members of the Cathedral congregations who had been kept in good health through another summer could not do better than send a thank offering for the benefit of such good work as these hospitals were doing.

Turning then to the subject announced, his lordship selected as his text St. John 20.25, "The Disciples said:—'We have seen the Lord, but Thomas said, 'Except I shall see in His hand the print of the nails I will not believe.'"

The preacher said there always were doubters and there was no reason to suppose them more numerous now than at any other period. There were different kinds of doubters. First there were the doubters who did not care whether they believed or not. Religion altogether was a matter of indifference to them. Whether Christ really lived and rose from the dead mattered nothing to them. There were not many such. Then there were the doubters who did not want to believe because they knew their lives were condemned by Christ. Sin blunted the spiritual faculties and made belief in Christ harder. The pure in heart see God; the impure need a new heart before they can do so. Thirdly, there were the doubters who only talked about doubts; they affected an attitude of doubt with an air of superiority and prided themselves upon being "so heretical" and "so unorthodox." Argument did little for any of these. Finally, there were honest doubters. Thomas was one of them. He cared very much. He thought very deeply, but that Christ had risen from the dead seemed to him too good to be true. His doubts arose partly from his natural temperament. He was by nature critical and pessimistic. It is harder (proceeded the Bishop) for some than for others to believe; some have not had the same advantages as others; they may have grown up in an atmosphere hostile to Christian faith, or have had un-Christ-like Christianity presented to them. The Church should be very sympathetic towards all such. They generally have much more real faith than they think. Bunyan portrays them in the characters of "Capt. Pearing," "Mr. Despondency," and "Miss Much-Afraid." They lost much peace and joy on the r's pilgrimage but they came safely to the Celestial City at last. Then Thomas's doubts may have been the result of the terrible trial he had endured. Evil had triumphed, virtue had been ignominiously defeated. His dear Master, the very personification and manifestation of the righteousness and love of God, had cried out in his agony and God had not stopped the awful tragedy. The hateful priests, the cruel Romans, and the hypocritical Pharisees had triumphed, and Jesus had been crucified. How could God care? Many a one in anguish is passing through the same phase to-day while Europe is torn by unspeakable horrors of war. Millions of innocent ones are tortured, and those responsible for the ghastly tragedy seem to go unpunished. No wonder many feel their faith shaken, but really their anguish of mind and their assurance that good ought to triumph are signs of faith, not of doubt, and their very perplexity and distress is better than mild acquiescence in a faith that does not touch their real souls. Perhaps this was what Tennyson meant when he wrote "There lives more faith in honest doubt, believe me, than in half the creeds."

The National Mission should bring a message to all such doubters. We must seek them out, and we need not discuss the authorship of the Books of the Bible or their inspiration. We shall not help them by any controversial treatises about

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TRADE OF HONGKONG.

NEED FOR MORE ANIMATION.

The following statistics have been taken from the fortnightly price current and market report of the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce.

OPUM.

The balance of stocks on October 19th was 491 chests of Patna, 178 of Benares, 224 of Malwa, and 58 Persian and Turkish. During the interval the exports to Shanghai, etc., have been four chests of Patna, two of Benares, and six of Malwa. In uncertified Bengal opium, the balance of stocks on October 19th was 102 chests of Patna and 81 of Benares. No opium was boiled by Government monopoly.

EXPORTS.

The Fishery market has been dull, and there has been very little doing in Cargo Ginger. There has been no business in Galangal or Cassia Oil, and nothing doing in Star Aniseed Oil, Star Aniseed or Ground Nuts. There is no change to report in the indifferent trade in Yunnan Tin, Saigon Cassia and Gall Nuts. The Bristles market has again been lifeless so far as Blacks were concerned, but there was a small business passing in White Bristles.

IMPORTS.

The Cotton Yarn market has been fairly active and prices are steadily rising in sympathy with Cotton and the Bombay market. Deliveries are quite satisfactory. Quotations are:—No. 10s. at \$102/124. No. 12s. at \$111/122. No. 16s. at \$125/142. No. 20s. at \$128/160. Arrivals 4,500 bales. Sales 12,000 bales. Shipments 2,000 bales. Unsold stock 15,000 bales. Bargains 22,000 bales. There is no change to report in Woolens. As to Metals, prices from London and America show considerable firmness with advances to be recorded in most lines. Locally, business remains very quiet indeed. Money appears to be tight, and dealers are very slow to clear. Steel Plates are very firm, dealers being now willing to pay about \$230.00 per ton. Tinplates are slightly lower. A forward sale has to be reported, at \$15.40, which is slightly below the London equivalent. Wire nails are very quiet. Bars are steady, with small enquiries for forward delivery. Yellow Metal has met with a nominal demand, but Petroleum Products reveal no change. No sales of Coals of importance have been reported. The Sugar market has been active at slightly easier rates.

FLOUR.

The American market has advanced in sympathy with wheat and no trade is possible with the East. The prices of Australian wheat and flour have risen considerably owing to Government transactions. North China:—Here again an advance is noticeable.

Locally there are no new features in the market and the demand is small. Quotations:—American Patent, \$4.00; American Cut off, \$3.40; American Straight, \$3.35; Shanghai Flour, \$3 to \$3.65.

HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE.

PARADES, CENTRAL STATION, 5.30 P.M.

Monday, Oct. 23rd.—Nos. 3 and 4 Companies (except recruits) at Central, under Sergt. Major Roylance.

Tuesday, Oct. 24th.—Maxim Gunners at Central. Recruits of No. 4 Company under Co. Sergt. Major.

AMBULANCE PLATOON.

The Ambulance Platoon will be exempt from Patrols up to and including the 31st inst.

"OUR DAY."

Sergts. and P.-cs. on special duty in connection with "Our Day" (i.e., on the 25th and 26th inst.) will be exempted from one ordinary patrol.

MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

There will be a meeting of the Magazine Committee on Tuesday, the 24th, at 6 p.m.

(Sgd.) J. W. FRANKS, A.S.P. (R.)

Anglicanism, Roman Catholicism, Presbyterianism, ritual, methods or rules of the Church. No, our message must be: "We have seen the Lord, He is Christ, He is unshaken." Bishop Gwynn writes from the front that a wit remarked in France: "Explosives are everywhere, everything is being exploded—theories of politics, methods of religion, the guesses of philosophy. Only one thing has not exploded—that is the fact and power of Christ." It is the business of those who believe in Christ to make Him apparent in this sad world. I expect the honest doubters will, like Thomas, demand that it be the Christ of Calvary. No comfortable or ease-loving Church will reflect the Christ to such. They demand to see the print of the nails. They recognised Him in Father Damien when he went for life to the leper settlement; they are recognising him in others who for Christ's sake have left all to minister to lepers and the despised outcasts of the earth; but so far they do not see enough of "the print of the nails" in our ordinary lives to be convinced of the fact and power of Christ. The rank and file of church folk want their religion made as easy and comfortable as possible. We have too much shrunk from "the print of the nails" in our soft flesh. We have forgotten that we cannot be followers of the Christ without taking up the Cross after Him. Honest doubters should look up past the poor disciples to the Lord Himself. Let them use what little faith they have and it will increase. Let their cry be "Lord help thou my unbelief," and He is quite certain to enable them to say "Now we believe, not because of thy speaking, for we have heard for ourselves and know that this is indeed the Saviour of the World."

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"OUR DAY"**THE END OF THE "FAYRE"
SUCCESSFUL SUPPLEMENTARY
SHOW.**

Despite a leaden sky and the absence of the brilliant sunshine which was such a pleasing feature of the initial effort, the "extra" session of "Our Day" celebrations on Saturday afternoon was well attended, and the management were justified in their opinion that the public interest in the venture had not been exhausted by Thursday's patronage. Naturally the showground was not visited by so many people, and the business done at the various showplaces, tents and stands was not so great as on the previous occasion. The diminution in the amount of material to work upon, however, did not diminish the ardour of the "show folks," whose energy in advertising the qualities and attractions of their entertainments increased in direct ratio to the meagreness of their more immediate audience. All did very good business, and the day's contribution to the total financial result must have been substantial. The arrangements were practically the same as on Thursday, with the exception that there were no opening formalities, the band playing the National Anthem as a signal to the attendants to "open fire" on the visitors, who at that hour were not very numerous. The Peak tiger was alive and challenging all marksmen, the diminutive Bruin had a playful snap and a snarl for everybody. "Johnny Walker," in costume he it noted, proved an irresistible attraction to the enclosure where one could spy things at the heads of certain infamous enemies. The "Swanks" were as vivacious as ever, the bucket at the lucky well was lowered many times, everyone was keen upon trying his strength—and, in a fairy like circle of red lanterns, many couples danced to delightful waltz music, with now and again a "rag" and a Highland fling. The dancing enclosure proved a great attraction in the evening, and the band, and the soldiers with the collecting tins had a busy time as a result. H.E. the Governor and Lady May were present, for several hours and participated in the "fun o' the fair" with enthusiasm.

In the course of the afternoon thirteen special roses which had been presented to Lady May were put up for auction, the auctioneer being the Hon. Mr. Claud Severn, who had a most versatile assistant in Mr. V. C. Labrum ("Johnny Walker"). The catalogue comprised two large dark mauve velvet roses, made and presented to Lady May by Madame Flint, and eleven satin roses, made and presented by the mother of Mrs. Noronha, who is 85 years of age. Bidding was fairly brisk. The highest price realised was \$75, which was paid by H.E. the Governor and Mr. Ellis Kadoorie, and the other roses were disposed of at prices ranging from \$25 upwards. The purchasers were as follows:—

H.E. the Governor, \$75, \$30, \$25,
\$35
Mr. Ellis Kadoorie, \$75, \$50, \$25,
\$25, \$25, \$20
Mr. James Hughes 35
Hon. Mr. E. H. Sharp, K.C. 30
Captain Champkin 25
\$510

Miss Gibson, daughter of Commander and Mrs. Gibson, won the big, blue-eyed doll, and the holders of tickets numbered 807 and 834 should apply at the office of the Union Insurance Company for prizes of cigars and chocolates respectively. The golf competition cup was not won outright—for the simple reason that the first winner handed it back to be competed for again, and all the other successful competitors followed his example, with the result that the cup was never won, and it is still in the possession of "Colonel Bogey."

As the night advanced the number of visitors increased, and towards closing time the workers at the various shows redoubled their efforts to draw the people and swell the spoils. Things were particularly lively in the vicinity of the Aunt Sally stand, where the representatives of Tirpitz and Hindenburg were subjected to a continuous fusillade of bullets, many of which found the mark, a performance which was invariably greeted with cheers. "Some liveliness" was also manifest at the Coconut Shy stand, where balls were shot by contestants of both sexes and of all ages, while in the immediate vicinity there were shouts of laughter and applause at the prowess of a large number

of more or less well-known local celebrities in wielding the hammer at the strength test.

There was the usual excellent music by the bands of the 18th Infantry and the 74th Punjab, and the hearts of the Scottish element in the crowd were thrilled at times by the "skirl o' the pipes" furnished (*mirabile dictu*) by Indian pipers.

It was wearing on for midnight when the strains of the National Anthem proclaimed the close of one of the most successful functions that have been organized in Hongkong.

The great query in connection with "Our Day" is: "What has been realised?" Of course, the officials have not yet had time to go seriously into the financial problems, but one of them remarked on Saturday that he had never known money so cheap as it had been during the past few days. On Thursday money was spent with a remarkable abandon, and those who are looking to a figure in the region of \$30,000 or \$50,000 are by no means over-optimistic. The balance sheet is awaited with much interest, but, in the meantime, the officials of "Our Day" are to be heartily congratulated on the result of their efforts. The "fayre" was a brilliant success and so were the concerts at the Victoria Theatre and the Botanical Gardens, and the sale of roses. It was a gigantic undertaking which was carried out with great thoroughness, and Hongkong played its part nobly.

**LADY MAY'S "OUR DAY" ROSE
FUND.**

Mr. J. MacMahon	5.00
Rev. Peter Peatrack	5.00
Oliver Twist	5.00
Mr. Mak Lai Ting	10.00
Mr. A. D. Ball	10.00
I and A. L.	30.00
Lieut. E. Golland, R.N.V.R.	100.00
Per Mr. A. F. Arculli:	
Mr. H. M. H. Nemajee	50.00
Mr. Casum Ahmad	25.00
Mr. E. Pabany	25.00
Mr. A. Abdoolrahman	15.00
Messrs. K.A.J. Chortir-	
mall & Co.	15.00
Mr. A. Ebrahim	15.00
Mr. M.H.E. Elias	15.00
Messrs. H. Hipoolas &	
Co.	15.00
Mr. H. Mody	15.00
Mr. N. Mohamedally	15.00
Mr. G. G. P. P. P. P.	15.00
Dr. H. el Arculli	10.00
Dr. Q. el Arculli	10.00
Mrs. A. B. Avasia	10.00
R. A. D. (and Donation)	10.00
Mr. Yacob Hakim	10.00
Mr. S. C. Ismail	10.00
Messrs. Koyamally Co.	10.00
Messrs. Mohideen & Co.	10.00
Mr. M. A. Raseck	10.00
Mr. M. Alarack	5.00
Mr. Hosoni Ali	5.00
Mr. N. M. Arab	5.00
Mr. A. el Arculli	5.00
Mr. A. K. el Arculli	5.00
Mr. E. el Arculli	5.00
Mr. Omar el Arculli	5.00
Mr. Watamall Brochand	5.00
Messrs. Cooper & Co.	5.00
Mr. D. H. Cooper	5.00
Mr. R. B. Cooper	5.00
Mr. Abdul Curreen	5.00
Mr. H. K. Eran	5.00
Mr. P. D. Golia	5.00
Mr. Hajee Ismail	5.00
Mr. Khan Abbas	5.00
Mr. Khan Hasham	5.00
Mr. Khan, Noor	5.00
Mr. Khan, Sir-dar	5.00
Mrs. D. K. Kharas	5.00
Mr. E. D. Kotewall	5.00
Mr. Fatah Mohamed	5.00
Mr. M. Mohamed	5.00
Mr. D. Ramjahn	5.00
Mr. Sader Deen	5.00
Mr. S. D. Setna	5.00
Messrs. Shariff Brothers	5.00
Mr. Singh Bikan	5.00
Mr. A. B. Sufiad	5.00
Anon	5.00
	485.00
Previously acknowledged	630.00
	6,773.00
	\$7,403.00

"OUR DAY" ON SHAMEN.**A VERY CREDITABLE EFFORT.**

Early in the month the ladies of Shamene, at the request of Mr. J. W. Jamieson, C.M.G., the British Consul-General, formed a Committee with Mrs. A. Hooton as President and Mrs. D. Forbes as hon. Secretary, for the purpose of organising a Garden Fete on behalf of the British wounded on "Our Day." The ladies were ably assisted by a sub-committee of gentlemen presided over by Mr. C. H. Shields, Postal Commissioner.

All the foreign residents of Canton and district, as well as the Indian community, were invited to contribute gifts. How generous the response was can be understood from the fact that the Gift Stall realised nearly \$800. Other gifts came in freely and unsolicited. The Consul-General presented a Porcelain Bowl of the Kang Hsi period, which was bought by Mr. Chai Lim Pik, Comptroller of the Hongkong Bank, for \$500. As Raffle prizes, a handsome Blackwood cabinet and a satin cover were presented by Mr.

Shields, a hand-painted picture by Miss B. White, a case of pipes by Messrs. A. S. Watson and Co., and a case of whisky by Messrs. Deacon and Co. The pipes were won by Mr. Beau and were at once resold for \$25 for the benefit of the Red Cross.

For a second Raffle Messrs. Lane, Crawford and Co., of Hongkong, gave a doll, which was beautifully dressed by Mrs. C. Eager, and Mrs. Kitching a teak-wood doll's cot, the clothes for which were made by Mrs. Marshall. Aerated waters were contributed by Messrs. A. S. Watson and Co., whisky and beer by Messrs. Donnelly and White, Asahi beer by Messrs. the M.S. K., cigars, tobacco and cigarettes by the B. A. T. Co., cakes and milk by Messrs. Wiseman and Co. and the Dairy Farm Co. respectively. For the tea-stall potted meats were supplied by the Portuguese Store, sweets by the Paraco stores, toys and biscuits by the Sincere Co., and ice by Messrs. Patel and Co.

Lady May very kindly presented 500 roses, which were sold in the morning by Suzanne Gaudiot and Evelyn Hooton, and in the afternoon by Mrs. Pratt. Altogether these brought in \$350 for the Fund. Mrs. Marshall's little daughter, Marjorie, collected from the C. N. C. steamers berthing at Pak Hin Hok the sum of \$23.

Mr. Shields defrayed all expenses connected with advertising and printing programmes and thanks are due to the Customs Mess for the loan of flags, etc., for decorating the Tennis lawn, where the Fete was held, and for assistance rendered in that connection.

The following subscriptions were received:—
General Lun \$200.00
General Chao Hueh 30.00
Messrs. Dent & Co. 300.00
Messrs. T. E. Griffith 200.00
Messrs. Deacon & Co. 100.00
Messrs. W. A. Hamill & Co. 100.00
Messrs. Gert. Dwyer & Co. 100.00
Messrs. Bonanjee & Co. 30.00
Messrs. A. S. Watson & Co. 50.00
Mrs. S. M. Kavaras, Collected from Indian and Chinese friends 187.00
Mr. U. Spalinger 100.00
Mr. Cheung Wo 30.00
Mr. Hung Cheung 30.00
Messrs. Moha & Co. 10.00
Lodge "Star of South China" 25.00
A Neutral 30.00
Mr. E. H. Sandeman 50.00
Mr. F. G. Beck (Whom?) 15.00
Rev. G. Tope 5.00
Rev. Ch. Chai 10.00
Mr. G. N. Lakin 20.00
"A missionary lady" 1.00

The Garden Fete was opened at 3 p.m. in splendid weather and all the residents on Shamene gathered together at the Tennis Courts and the fun of the Fair began. The Man in the Box, Mr. R. K. Batchelor, got his full share of balls thrown at him, Mr. Tribe being his sponsor. The Coconut shies men, "Bill" and his pal, (Mr. O. Eager and Mr. Shrubsole; both representing our old familiar friends the Costers), drew crowds. The Potato dip under the management of Mr. Shields caused lots of amusement, one potato having buried in it a specially marked coin, the drawer of which was entitled to a set of rare Tibetan stamps. The Living Targets (two Chinese gentlemen) were in the charge of Messrs. Marshall Wood and Fry, and the bar was tended by Mr. "John" Peel.

The Gift Stall was presided over by Mesdames de Courcy, Donnelly, Harris and Fumagalli; the Tea "Room" by Mesdames Hooton, Sutton, Reynolds and White; and the Sweet stall by Mesdames Golding, and L. E. Lammert. The Raffle was superintended by Mesdames H. P. Harris, Smith, and Watson, (all of Tung Shan); while Miss Connor and Miss B. White acted as very efficient Gate-keepers. Mrs. Webb and Mr. Donnelly, dressed as Italian organ-grinders discoursed "sweet music" on their barrel organ, while "Nigger," a human canine, collected the sum of \$73.

At the Canton Club theatre local and imported talent amused a full house from 9.30 p.m. till midnight. The programme was arranged by Mr. John Robertson, the stage-management was entrusted to Mr. J. Robertson and the accompaniments throughout were played by Mr. H. M. Webb. The Concert opened with the audience singing "God save the King." The programme was as follows:—Song, "Tom of Devon," Mr. H. C. Shrubsole; "Waltz me, Dearly" (encore) "Gathering Nuts in May," Mrs. Webb, song in Italian, "Trovatore," Herr Hoffmeister; song, "The Star and the Rose" (encored), Mr. J. Robertson's recitation, "Two Thumpers" ("Lays of Ind") Mr. A. Hooton; song "Mary" (encore "Evensong"), Capt. E. D. Thomas; Ballet dance, Miss Sachs. (Continued at foot of next column.)

CORRESPONDENCE.**A SUGGESTION.**

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS."]

SIR,—Most of us at times, I suppose, get struck with ideas, original or otherwise, and of course, we all think them to be workable. I merely offer this one as a suggestion. All of us, I am sure, are very keen to know the exact amount which "Our Day" efforts will realize. Why not give every one a chance of guessing, say, at \$1 a ticket? The guess could easily be entered on the counter-foil of the sold ticket, and, if some generous donor would present a prize for the winner or nearest, the whole amount realized could go to help swell the Red Cross funds. The time is short, I know, but a couple of days would suffice to get all the tickets out if the already hard-worked committee can see their way clear to adopt the idea.

Thanking you for inserting this—I remain, Yours, etc.,

Hongkong, October 21st, 1916.

HONGKONG MAGISTRACY.**ROWDY JAPANESE.**

An Indian Police Reserve constable arrested a Japanese on the Praya on Friday evening for fighting with a Chinese. The pugilistic Japanese was fined \$5.

A MATRIMONIAL SEQUEL.

A Chinese, who was formerly a porter on the Kowloon-Canton Railway, was charged with larceny, as bailee, of \$300. The Chinese station-master at Kowloon gave the money to defendant for the purpose of going to Canton to purchase a wedding gift for the station-master's brother. Nothing more was seen of defendant. The station-master's relatives came down and asked him why he had not sent the money, and they were surprised to hear that the money had been sent, as they had not received it. The Police were informed and defendant was eventually found at Hung Hom.

The man pleaded guilty, saying he had spent the money.
Mr. Goldring defending, said that might mean anything, and Mr. Hazland decided to accept a plea of not guilty.

On the application of Detective Sergt. Wills defendant was remanded in police custody with a view to other charges being framed.

SHIPPING NOTES.**SUEZ CANAL DUES.**

A further rise of 80 centimes (8d.) per ton in the Suez Canal dues took effect as from the 5th inst., bringing the rate for laden ships to 7f. 25c. (6s.) per ton, and for ships in ballast of 4f. 75c. (3s. 11d.) per ton.

A STONE VESSEL.

The first stone vessel has been launched. She is constructed of concrete, except for the steel ribs. Bromston Mine Stern-rine, a leading Swedish ship owner, ordered the first vessel, which is of 3,000 tons, and he is delighted with the result. He proposes to construct concrete ships of 15,000 to 20,000 to be used as railway ferries between Gothenburg and England, and experts consider that a new epoch in shipbuilding has been inaugurated.

In an interval the Consul General, in a humorous little speech, thanked the Allies and Neutrals for their generous and friendly support and explained the origin and object of "Our Day." He added a hope that later on there would be "Days" for our gallant Allies held on Shamene.

The second half of the programme opened with a Cinematograph, the projector for which was kindly supplied by the Indian Community which the films were supplied by Messrs. Pathe Freres. Mrs. Webb and Mr. Eager gave a sketch which was enthusiastically received. Mr. Shrubsole sang "My Old Shako," and Miss Sachs danced another ballet dance. The finale was appropriate to the occasion. Mrs. Robertson appeared in front of the curtain and while she was singing "Keep the Home Fires Burning," the curtain rose and revealed a tableau of the Allied Nations, supported by members of the Shamene Defence Corps. Mrs. Hooton represented Britannia; Madame Lander, France; Madame Fumagalli, Russia; and Mrs. Webb, the oppressed nations. A happy day spent in a good cause was brought to a close with the National Anthem. The sum of the effort was a contribution of over \$5,000 to "Our Day" Fund by the residents of Canton and Districts.

INTIMATIONS**LANE,
CRAWFORD & Co.**

FOR THIS WEEK ONLY

SPECIAL SALE

OF AUTUMN WEIGHT

PYJAMAS

IN SMART BLOCK STRIPES AND

NEAT STRIPE EFFECTS

ALL SIZES

\$3.75 and \$4.75

PER SUIT.

COAST ORDERS RECEIVE CAREFUL AND PROMPT ATTENTION.

PLEASE STATE HEIGHT AND SIZE OF CHEST WHEN ORDERING.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

SHERWOOD CIGARETTES.

HAND-MADE IN CAIRO.

No. 3, Large Size

"First Quality."

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100 at \$4.50

per 100 Duty

Paid.

The most

popular

Egyptian.



Finest and

Choicest

Egyptian

Cigarettes.

Stands foremost

in the opinion

of all

Connoisseurs.

Obtainable at:

HONGKONG CIGAR STORE.

GRAND-EGYPTIAN TOBACCO STORE.

ANGLO-EGYPTIAN TOBACCO STORE.

KELLY & WALSH, LTD.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

A. S. WATSON & Co.

[1204-1]

Wm. Powell Ltd
TELEPHONE 349

NOW SHOWING

ARTISTIC FURNISHING FABRICS

AND

WHITE ENAMELLED

BEDROOM FURNITURE

WITH

RUGS TO MATCH.

SEE WINDOW THIS WEEK.

[1204]

THE WAR.

GERMAN CRUISER TORPEDOED
BY BRITISH SUBMARINE.STIFF FIGHTING ON WESTERN
FRONT.

BRITISH AND FRENCH HEAVILY ENGAGED.

BRILLIANT WORK BY ITALIAN
ALPINES.

DEVELOPMENTS IN GREEK CRISIS.

RANCO-BELGIAN FRONT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BRITISH MAKE FURTHER
PROGRESS.
SUCCESSFUL RAIDS.

LONDON, October 21st.

Sir Douglas Haig reports:—We made further progress last night in the neighbourhood of Butte-de-Warden Court. We successfully raided enemy trenches south of Neuve Chapelle.

DETERMINED ENEMY
ATTACKS.SUCCESSFULLY REPULSED
EVERYWHERE.

LONDON, October 22nd.

General Sir Douglas Haig, in a *communiqué* says:—In the early morning the enemy determinedly attacked the Schwaben Redoubt and was repulsed everywhere except at two points, where he entered our trenches, only to be immediately ejected, leaving 5 officers and 79 men as prisoners and many dead.

We successfully attacked on a front of 5,000 yards between Schwaben and Lesard and advanced between 300 and 500 yards. We captured Stuff and Regina trenches and also an advanced post north and north-east of Schwaben, and captured some hundreds of prisoners.

Our aircraft bombed the enemy communications, attacked an important junction and ammunition depot, and derailed four coaches.

Three enemy aeroplanes were destroyed and many driven down. Two of our machines are missing.

FRENCH FRONT.

AERIAL COMBATS.

A *communiqué* says:—There is nothing of importance to report on the French front.

During the night numerous aerial combats took place, in which seven German machines were brought down.

Stations at Noyon and Chauny, together with communications and bivouacs, were heavily bombed.

SAILLIS-SELLISEL.

VAIN GERMAN EFFORTS TO
RECAPTURE.

LONDON, October 22nd.

French *communiqué* state:—Three violent German efforts to retake Saillis-Sellisel have failed with sanguinary losses.

There has been bitter fighting south of the Somme between Biaches and Lamaisonette, particularly in the region of Blaise Wood. The Germans were everywhere repulsed except at Northwood, where they gained a foothold in our advanced trench. Simultaneously we achieved a brilliant success in the Chaunee region, capturing the woods on the north thereof, and taking 250 prisoners.

ITALIAN FRONT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

ITALIAN SUCCESS.
STRONG ENEMY POSITION
CAPTURED.

LONDON, October 21st.

An Italian *communiqué* states that the Alpines, on the eastern slopes of Monte Laguzzoni, surrounded and carried at the point of the bayonet a strong enemy position.

The garrison was almost annihilated, and much ammunition and war material were taken.

THE BALKANS

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE GREEK CRISIS.
MORE ENTENTE DEMANDS
CONCEDED.

ATHENS, October 21st.

The Greek Government has agreed to hand over fifty waggons and two locomotives on the Piraeus-Larissa railways for the use of the Allies in Macedonia.

Admiral Fournet has appointed a French Chief Inspector to control the Gendarmerie and Police, including King Constantine's personal police, which have latterly been increased from 80 to 4,000, and have been used to terrorise the people. The Inspector has discretionary power of dismissal.

A NEUTRAL ZONE BEHIND THE
ALLIES.

SALONIKA, October 21st.

A telegram from Athens states that the Royal Government has decided to reduce the strength of its army to the smallest peace effective, and also proposes to move the entire force concentrated in Thessaly to other provinces, making Thessaly and Stor a neutral zone behind the Allies.

PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT
SWORN IN.

SALONIKA, October 21st.

The Heads of the Provisional Government have been sworn in before a Triumvirate. It is significant that the Departments of War and Foreign Affairs are described as Ministries, and the remainder as Adviserships, thereby emphasising the character and action of the Government.

GRECIAN "NATIONAL SQUADRON."

ATHENS, October 21st.

A national squadron has been formed at Salonika consisting of the cruiser *Hydra* and three destroyers.

RUMANIA'S INCREASING
CONFIDENCE.SUCCESSFUL OFFENSIVE
ASSUMED.

LONDON, October 21st.

The enemy's main efforts in Eastern Transylvania centre around the Gyimes and Oituz Passes. The enemy is now attacking Goio-Aaa, twelve miles below the Gyimes Pass on the Roumanian side, but quite near the frontier.

The Roumanians have assumed a successful offensive at Oituz.

The feeling generally is one of increasing confidence.

DESPERATE FIGHTING IN
THE KENALI SECTOR.

ATHENS, October 21st.

Desperate fighting is in progress in the Kenali sector, twelve miles east of Brod. The Serbians are attacking the entire line, supported by the French.

SERBIANS ADVANCE.
THREE AND A HALF MILES.

LONDON, October 21st.

A Serbian official message says:—The Serbians advanced three and a half miles north-east of Brod, capturing five guns, seven machine guns and a quantity of material. They also made prisoner 114 Bulgarians and 24 Germans.

DOBRUDJA OPERATIONS.
ENEMY ATTACKS REPULSED.

LONDON, October 21st.

A Russian official message says that enemy attacks in Dobrudja and Dornavatra have been repulsed.

BRITISH FLEET TAKE PART.

PARIS, October 21st.

A *communiqué* says:—A British Fleet successfully bombarded Bulgarian organisations south of Lake Tabinos. The Serbs have made fresh progress at Cerna.

NAVAL ACTIVITIES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

GERMAN CRUISER
TORPEDOED.

BY BRITISH SUBMARINE.

LONDON, October 21st.

The Admiralty reports that a British submarine torpedoed a German cruiser of the *Kolberg* class on the 19th instant in the North Sea.

When last seen the cruiser was making homeward with difficulty.

NAVAL AIR SUCCESSES.
ON THE BELGIAN COAST.

LONDON, October 21st.

The Admiralty announces that on the morning of the 20th instant a single-seater aeroplane brought down a kite balloon in flames near Ostend.

A large seaplane was likewise shot down and fell into the water two miles from Ostend.

GENERAL.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

ANGLO-FRENCH CONFERENCE
THE MILITARY AND POLITICAL
SITUATION.

LONDON, October 21st.

An official *communiqué* states that a conference of representatives of the British and French Governments was held at Boulogne on the 20th instant for an interchange of views regarding the military and political situation.

The Conference consisted of M.M. Briand, Ribot, Bourgeois, Roques, Lacaze, and Thomas, and General Joffre; Mr. Asquith, Viscount Grey, Mr. Balfour, Mr. Lloyd George, and Generals Robertson and Haig, with diplomatic, naval and military advisers.

COUNT STURGGKH SHOT.

AMSTERDAM, October 21st.

A Berlin telegram states that Count Sturrgkh has been shot at meal-time by a Vienna publisher. He has since died.

PROMINENT INDIAN OFFICIAL
RECEIVED BY THE KING.

The King has received Sir Krishna Gupta.

[Sir Krishna Govinda Gupta, K.C.S.I., has been a member of the Council of the Secretary of State for India since 1908. He has filled a number of important Indian appointments.]

DISTINGUISHED INDIAN
OFFICER.HAS AN AUDIENCE WITH THE
KING.

LONDON, October 22nd.

General Sir Beauchamp Duff, G.C.B., Secretary of the Military Department of the India Office, has had an audience with the King.

THE RHODES SCHOLARSHIPS.

DISPOSAL OF GERMAN SCHOLAR-
SHIPS.

LONDON, October 20th.

At last night's discussion on the Rhodes Bill in the House of Commons, Mr. Mackinder said the trustees proposed to make the scheme apply to portions of the British Empire which were omitted from Mr. Rhodes' original plan.

There was nothing in the Bill to prevent the trustees from giving a scholarship to India or establishing scholarships for foreigners, including our Allies, eventually.

After the Bill had been seconded an amendment proposed by Lord Hugh Cecil was adopted, empowering the Committee if they thought fit to make the scholarships substituted for the German scholarships available for students within the British Empire.

THE BOARD OF TRADE.
REORGANISATION OF BRANCHES.

LONDON, October 21st.

The Exhibitions and Commercial Intelligence Branches of the Board of Trade have been amalgamated. Henceforth the Department of Commercial Intelligence will be under the Comptroller-Generalship of Sir William Clark (who was Member for Commerce and Industry of the Council of the Viceroy of India, 1910-15).

A BIG FRENCH CREDIT
TO COVER PURCHASES IN
AMERICA.

NEW YORK, October 21st.

A credit of a hundred million dollars has been arranged in favour of a group of French industrial concerns to cover purchases of goods in the United States.

LIEUT.-COL. ELKINGTON'S
REINSTATEMENT.

ROYAL IMPRIMATUR.

LONDON, October 21st.

H.M. the King has received Lieut.-Colonel Elkington, late of the French Foreign Legion, at Buckingham Palace.

[Lieut.-Colonel Elkington of the Royal Warwickshire Regiment was cashiered by sentence of general court-martial early in the War. He then joined the French Foreign Legion, in which he won distinction before he was invalided home. His service, being brought to the notice of the British Military authorities, he has been reinstated in the Army, and has now been honoured by being received by H.M. the King.]

HOLLAND AND SUBMARINING.
APPEAL TO AMERICA FOR
NEUTRAL ACTION.

AMSTERDAM, October 21st.

The *Telegraaf* strongly appeals to America to initiate common action among the neutral seafaring Powers to make Germany understand that the submarining of neutral merchantmen must cease.

NEW GERMAN WAR CREDIT.
TWELVE THOUSAND MILLION
MARKS.

AMSTERDAM, October 21st.

A Bill is being presented to the Reichstag asking for a new War Credit of twelve thousand million marks.

HINDENBURG AND
SUBMARINING.

LONDON, October 20th.

Various indications in the German papers show that Field-Marshal von Hindenburg has been consulted with regard to the policy of ruthless submarining, and has pronounced against it, thus silencing the constant agitation in its favour.

TRAFALGAR DAY.

LONDON CELEBRATIONS.

LONDON, October 21st.

Trafalgar Day celebrations were more than usually interesting. Nelson's Monument was lavishly bedecked with wreaths from all parts of the Empire, also to the memory of the French and Spanish sailors who fell at Trafalgar and the British officers and men who lost their lives off Jutland and in other sea battles of the present war.

A conspicuous tribute was the wreaths from officers and men of Admiral Jellicoe's flag-ship.

The Overseas League presented a Trafalgar Day gift of £10,000 to the Admiralty, with which to buy seaplanes.

[Telegrams received on Saturday and on Sunday morning and published in an "Extra" on Sunday, will be found on page 7.]

GERMAN PRECAUTIONS AGAINST
AIR RAIDS.

The *Wilhelmshavener Zeitung* publishes an announcement, signed Festungskommandant, ordering more stringent precautions against air attacks. "No more lights are to be shown in streets, yards, gardens, private or public buildings. Curtains and blinds, which have hitherto been considered a satisfactory precaution, are now regarded as insufficient. Illuminated signs are prohibited and all special light permits are withdrawn. Windows are to be shown no more than a faint light to enable customers to find their way to the shops."

COMPANY MEETING.
CHINA LIGHT AND POWER COM-
PANY, LIMITED.

The fifteenth ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the above Company was held in the offices of the General Managers (Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Co.) on Saturday forenoon.

Mr. R. Shewan, general manager, occupied the chair, and those present included Messrs. G. W. Barton, H. R. B. Hancock, Tong Lai Chuen, J. A. Young, H. J. Campbell, and Y. Leeman (secretary).

ANNUAL REPORT.

The annual report for the year ending July 31st stated that the net profit for the year, including the sum of \$240,759 brought forward, is \$26,338.88, of which \$20,000 has been written off the value of Machinery, and \$6,000 off the value of Lines, leaving a balance of \$338.88 to be carried forward to next year's account.

Consulting Committee—Mr. H. P. White resigned on leaving the Colony and Mr. G. W. Barton was invited to take his place on the Consulting Committee. In accordance with the Articles of Association, Hon. Sir Paul Chater, C.M.G., and Mr. G. W. Barton retire, and are eligible for re-election. Auditors—The accounts have been audited by Messrs. F. Maitland and A. R. Lowe, who offer themselves for re-election.

The Chairman, in moving the adoption of the report, said:—The Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st July have been in your hands for some time past, and I trust you will have found the result of the past year's working satisfactory. Our revenue from light and power supplied shows a substantial increase, but against that there is a debit of \$14,377 for interest on the cost of the new turbine plant, which only commenced work last March. The net result is a balance at credit of profit and loss account of \$26,338.88, which it is proposed to write off against depreciation of machinery and lines as set forth in the accounts before you. We have not, however, had the full benefit of a year's work from the turbines, which we are glad to say have fulfilled all our expectations, and given us complete satisfaction. Moreover, our working expenses have been rather higher than we originally calculated, owing to the abnormally high price of coal, which could not be foreseen before the War. But even in this respect there is a slight improvement, as coal freights from Japan are now lower than they were. Our contract with the Dock Company is satisfactory and we have no reason to regret having made it, while for small shops and factories the demand for power seems to be steadily on the increase. Financially our position is quite sound, as we have now paid for all the new plant and can easily pay the interest on debentures out of income; but at the present rate we shall soon have one turbine fully loaded, and when that happens we shall have to provide for a still further extension of plant. The accounts are very clear and simple, and I can see nothing in them to explain or comment upon. Our record for the year is one of steady progress, which still continues, and if we go on as we are doing I do not think it will be long before we shall be able to pay a modest dividend. I now beg to move the adoption of the report and accounts as now presented to the meeting, and when that has been seconded I shall be pleased to answer any question from shareholders.

Mr. Barton seconded the motion, and the report and accounts were unanimously adopted.

The Hon. Sir Paul Chater, C.M.G., and Mr. G. M. Barton, the retiring members of the Consulting Committee, were unanimously re-elected on the motion of Mr. Hancock, seconded by Mr. Campbell.

The auditors, Messrs. F. Maitland and A. R. Lowe, were re-elected on the motion of Mr. Young, seconded by Mr. Tong Lai Chuen.

This was all the business.

HUMOUR AT THE FRONT.

The following is a sample of trench witticisms in the August issue of the *Switcheboard*, described as "the leading magazine of the B.E.F."

"We came out of the trenches one bitterly cold night, and were billeted in a farm, where we were packed like sardines in a tin. Though numbed with cold, we were soon asleep. I was awakened in the night by one of our chaps trying to put his boots on. After he had been trying for a minute or two I heard the fellow say, 'What the hell are you doing?' 'On, was the girl, not you fool?'"

FAR EASTERN MEN AND
THE WAR.

Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., have received a telegram, says the *N.C. Daily News*, which adds three more names to the firm's Far Eastern casualty list, as follows:—

W. Galloway, formerly, J. M. & Co.'s agent at Shimonski, left for home January, 1915. Lieutenant 9th King's Own Scottish Borderers. Wounded by bomb in Egypt, progressing well.

O. H. L. Symons, J. M. & Co., Ltd., Shanghai, left for home in February, 1916. 2nd-Lieut. 6th Royal Fusiliers. Slight dislocation left elbow, result of shell explosion; now in hospital at Lo Touquet.

L. G. M. Kidd, J. M. & Co., Ltd., left for home October, 1914. 2nd-Lieut. 9th East Kent Regiment. Shot in right thigh and wrist; now in hospital at Rouen.

Second-Lieut. W. W. Melville, R.E.A., late of the Municipal Health Office, Shanghai, who has been on service since October, 1914, writes:—"I am back home at present. Had a bit of shell shock and lost speech for a few days, but going on A.I. now."

News has been received that Lieut. E. S. Elliott was wounded in the big push on the Somme, but his friends in Shanghai will be glad to learn that he is quite well again.

Mons. A. P. A. Bouinai, of the Chinese Maritime Customs service, after having been twice wounded, has been invalided from active service and allowed to return to China. He is now en route to Peking. When he was last wounded he was buried underground through the explosion of an aerial torpedo. He has been twice mentioned in despatches and has been awarded the Croix de Guerre.

We regret to learn, says the *N.C. Daily News*, that news has been received that Rene Delastre was killed in action on the Western Front on August 16th of this year. M. Delastre was formerly a member of the Chinese Maritime Customs Staff in Hankow, and soon after the outbreak of the War voluntarily joined the Colours. After having passed through a special military school, he received the appointment of Sub-Lieutenant in the 14th Battalion, Chasseurs Alpins.

BERLIN-BAGHDAD RAILWAY.

IDEA OF WORLD DOMINATION.

At the invitation of Mr. I. W. Raymond and the Overseas Dominion War Service Contingents, 200 wounded soldiers from every colony of the Empire were entertained at Caxton Hall, London, on Sept. 17th. General Sir Sam Hughes presided. Colonel Sir Mark Sykes, M.P., spoke on "The Past, the War, and the Future." He said that while not knowing the day or the hour, it was impossible for one who had grappled for ten years between Berlin, Vienna, Constantinople, and Baghdad, as he had done, not to have felt that the war was coming sooner or later. He was not in the least criticising the people who thought it was not coming, but he thought the more people knew the ground the more certain they were that the war was coming.

The three great things between 1815 and 1915 were cosmopolitan finance, international socialism, and "kultur." "Kultur" took all the bad of past civilisation, and none of the good. It had no law, no chivalry, no concessions to smaller nations, and its ruthlessness, Napoleonic military system, and its ruthlessness, discipline, and mercilessness were taken from the feudal caste and the War Lord. Its purpose to develop upon all these lines was nothing more or less than absolute world control.

Sir Mark Sykes referred to the Berlin-Baghdad Railway as playing the big part in the idea of world-domination, and said no heights of heroism and no depths of villainy were too high or too deep for the discipline of "kultur" to rise to or sink to. They had no moral at the back of them, but we refused to see the world enslaved. The kennel might be comfortable and the chain of gold but we would none of it.

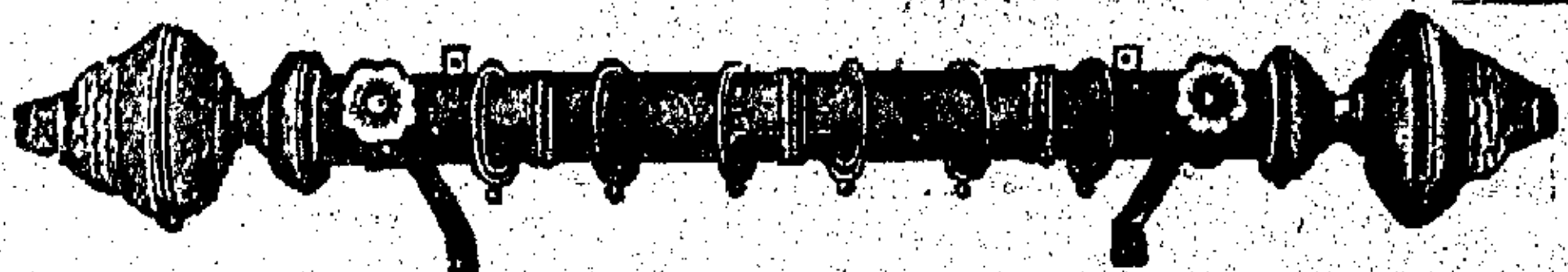
MUST BREAK THE SPELL. "Kultur" had enslavement at the back of it, and meant nothing but that. It was belly-worship, selfishness, cruel, unrighteous, and enslaved. The struggle against it must be long and bitter, because so long as that Berlin-Baghdad combine held together there could be no guarantee for the future peace of the world. Germany could pay a big price. She could give Poland, Belgium, Alsace-Lorraine, Mesopotamia, etc., and yet her ideas would not be broken. The Berlin-Baghdad railway would be untouched, and she would have a land communication to Africa and Asia, whilst we were left with the sea, menaced by submarines. We had got to break that spell and that belief in world-domination. The German would become civilised when he knew that world-domination was false and could not be gained. He would never lose his illusion, he (Sir Mark Sykes) believed, until the idea of that line which he had been thirty years intriguing for was taken from him. The intrigues and gains were no less creditable than those of years. The railway was to have been built by 1917; and he believed that was the real war date. The Allies were fighting for all that "Kultur" was fighting against, and the great thing for us was the solidarity in the future of the Alliance between England, France, and Russia. The labour powers of the Entente must have an agreement.

Speaking of his tread before the war, Sir Mark said that England was mentally unprepared, and he wondered how the gay crowds on the football fields and racetracks would take it. We knew now how they had risen to the occasion. "Our politics here," said Sir Mark, "may strike you as extraordinarily silly. If they do, I can tell you from within that they are quite as silly as they look. The selection of Stanwell as a member of the Imperial Conference, this country, was a mistake."

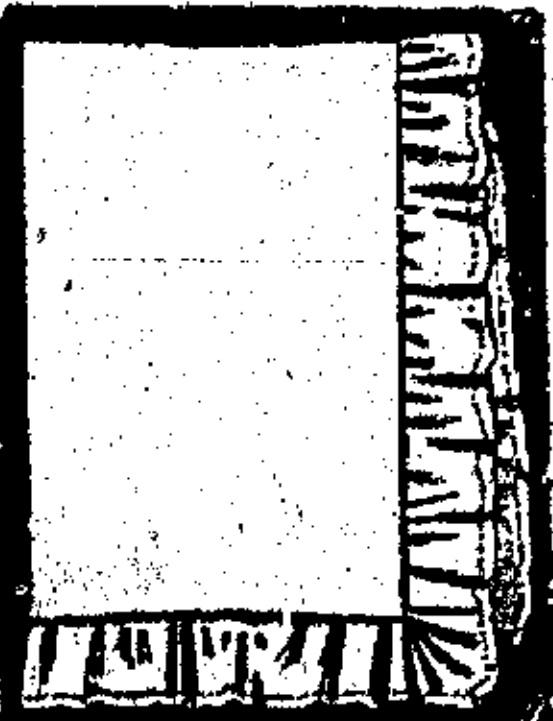
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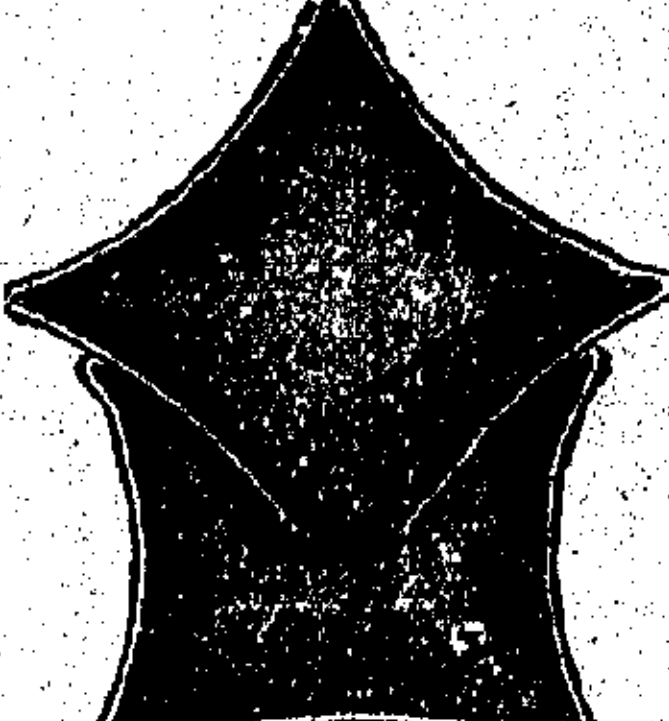


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OUR LONDON LETTER.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

LONDON, September 18th.

The National Mission of Repentance and Hope has been formally inaugurated by the Bishop of London, who intends to spend a month traversing the Metropolis on foot, carrying a shepherd's crook, and preaching by the way. His pilgrimage is likely to provide readable "copy" for the newspapers, judging by his reception in the East End. He was asked pointed questions about his stipend of £10,000 a year; and there were some among his audience curious to know why 20,000 young clergymen of the Church of England are leading sheltered lives at home while the laity are facing the enemy overseas. This same question has been asked a good many times during the war.

A LOST OPPORTUNITY.

As a matter of fact, hundreds of the clergy are with the Forces in one capacity or another—chiefly as chaplains or with the R.A.M.C.—and, if the Archbishops and Bishops had not expressly forbidden it, thousands of others would now be in the firing-line. There is no doubt that the Church has lost a great opportunity by putting a ban on fighting parsons. A gulf has been fixed between her and the people which cannot be bridged by a hundred National Missions. To estimate what a glorious chance has been missed one has only to look to France, where there has been a wonderful revival of religion, traceable no doubt to some extent to the emotional experience of the war, but also and mainly to the active participation of the priesthood in the struggle for national existence and the sacred cause of justice and human liberty.

COMMANDERING POLITICAL CLUBS.

The Radical daily Press raised a wail of anguish the other morning when it became known that the National Liberal Club was to be requisitioned by the War Office under the Defence of the Realm Act. Political pundits thought they saw in the move a strategic attack on the Liberal Party. Anyone who dares to raise sacrilegious hands against the Temple of Liberalism must needs be an unspeakable Philistine. But at a meeting of the Club called in hot haste to consider the situation a letter was read from the Prime Minister appealing to the members on patriotic grounds to give up the premises, which are required as additional clerical quarters for the War Office. In the end possession was yielded with a good grace, and everybody present sang "God save the King."

Now, to balance the account, as it were, the Ministry of Munitions has commandeered the Constitutional Club, and here again a meeting of members was held, there under a grateful concession, and the proceedings ended with the National Anthem. And so "All's well that ends well." I have heard it suggested, rather cynically some may think, that the comfortable arm chairs in the respective clubs will prove useful for civil servants in need of a rest!

THE GROWING ARMY OF CIVIL SERVANTS.

Of course it is only to be expected that, with an army which has grown from the slender Expeditionary Force which crossed to France in August, 1914, to one of millions, another army composed of clerks is required in London. As the accommodation of the War Office long ago proved insufficient various hotels were taken over. For instance, the Keyes Hotel at Blackfriars is the headquarters of the Royal Flying Corps; and the official head of the Ministry of Munitions found a home in the Hotel Metropole at Charing Cross. But Mr. Lloyd George's staff with their advisers and assistants, and the general body of subordinates, numbers something like 5,000—and the number is rising at the rate of 300 a month! Altogether the work connected with munitions is carried on in 20 different buildings scattered over the West End. And still the demand for more office room continues!

A ROMANTIC STORY.

One of the most picturesque personal incidents of the whole war comes to light in the coldly official pages of the *London Gazette*, announcing that John Ford Elkington has been reinstated by the King as Lieut.-Colonel of the Royal Warwickshire Regiment. Two years ago the gallant officer, who has had a distinguished career, was cashiered, and he immediately joined the French Foreign Legion as a private. He fought in several big engagements, and was badly wounded, but his bravery won him the Croix de Guerre. The fierce ordeal of battle enabled him to purge the error of the past, and the King has set the seal upon his atonement by re-appointing him to the command of his old battalion. One can imagine what a moving story of tragedy and suffering and romance might be woven out of Col. Elkington's two years with the Legion if the whole record were unfolded. Perhaps it will be known some day.

NOT A LEGION OF THE DAMNED.

By the way, the popular idea that the French Foreign Legion is a corps of social outcasts is quite wrong. It consists for the most part of men who joined it out of sheer love of adventure. It is always on service, and is recruited from men of all ages and every land. It is able to boast that it can supply from its ranks experts on every subject—doctors, lawyers, architects, journalists, clergymen, financiers. There is a well-authenticated anecdote that on one occasion when the services of a priest were required a private stepped out of the ranks, and on being questioned, he was able to prove that he had been a bishop.

THE GRINNING BOARDING HOUSE.

A resolution passed at the Trades Union Congress last night at the increased cost of living. The British Labour Party is now in the hands of the Government.

attention to a grave scandal. Some of the speakers alleged that in Chinese lodging houses in London, Liverpool, and other ports immorality, opium smoking and gambling are the order of the day—and night. The truth of the last charges requires proof, which at present is not forthcoming; and in this connection it has to be borne in mind that Chinese boarding house masters, whether they are crimps or otherwise, are under the surveillance of the Board of Trade and the municipal authorities. No doubt a seaport lodging-house frequented by Ah Sin and his friends is not exactly as innocent a place as the Garden of Eden before the Fall, but except for fan-tan and opium there is probably not very much amiss, or the official inspectors would have taken action long ago.

BRITISH SAILORS' GRIEVANCE.

The other charge is on a different footing. It is not an agreeable reflection that, as is undoubtedly the case, some British shipowners are using Chinese sailors more and more during the war, although there is no dearth of British seamen. It is a question of cheap labour. The Chinaman is paid from 30s. to 22s a month less than whites, and he costs only about half as much to feed. Although he comes under the Workmen's Compensation Act, as recently amended, he probably does not know it; and if he is maimed or killed, who cares! On the other hand, the British sailors have a vigilant Trades Union. The Congress demands the repatriation of all Chinese who are not able to produce unmistakable evidence of British nationality, but whether the Government will respond we must, in Mr. Asquith's phrase, "Wait and see."

PERPLEXITIES OF THE PRESS.

While many people are piling up huge fortunes out of the war others have to make the utmost exertions in order to carry on. Probably no class of the community has been more heavily hit than newspaper proprietors and journalists. In the provinces some old-established dailies and weeklies have already gone under, while others are only kept going by the exercise of the most rigid economies. Unlike the "butcher, the baker, the candlestick maker" of the nursery rhyme, and indeed all other trades, the newspaper owner is unable or unwilling to pass on to those who sample his wares even a proportion of the extra cost of production. When the Government puts a war-tax on beer the brewer passes it on to the public. As the cost of flour goes up the baker charges more for the loaf. Not so the newspapers.

In a few instances here and there penny journals are coming out at three halfpence, although, of course, that is not sufficient to cover the extra cost of paper, which has advanced from 10s to 20s per cent, through restrictions on imports of pulp and other causes. At the same time advertisement revenues have declined. Some time ago it was whispered in Fleet-street that the big London halfpenny dailies were going to increase their selling price, but nothing of the kind has happened. The reason is that the penny morning papers would not increase to three halfpence. Meanwhile there is something in the nature of a paper famine, and although a month or two ago it was predicted that maximum prices had been reached that is not the case. There is still a long way to go, perhaps in the Bankruptcy Court for more than one famous journal!



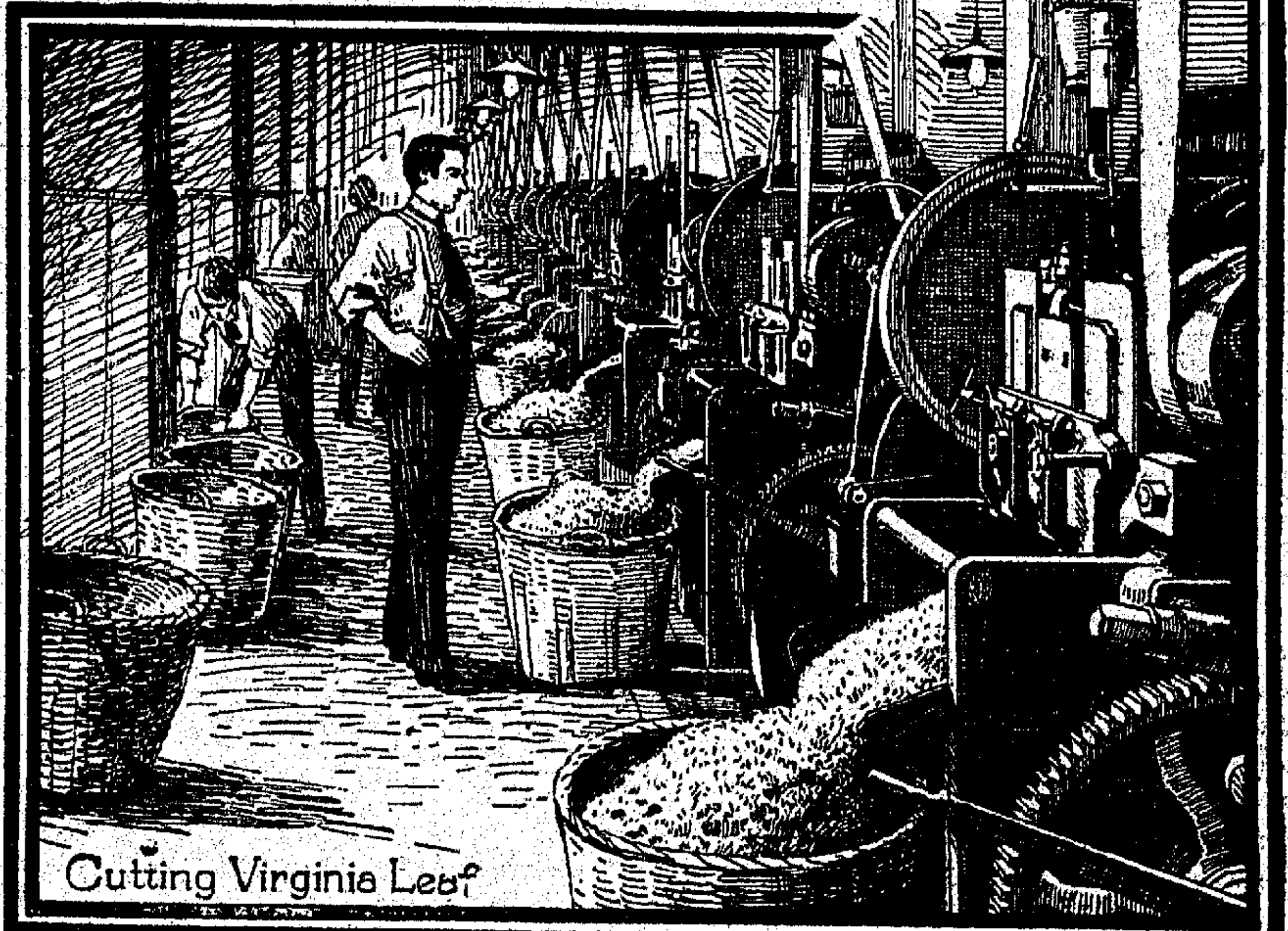
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Send a postcard for a most useful diet book, "What to Eat," to the above address. It is free to readers, and well worth the trouble of writing for.

HONGKONG TIDE TABLE

From 23rd to 29th October, 1916.

Day of Week	Day of Month	HIGH WATER.		LOW WATER.	
		H'kong Mean Time	Height	H'kong Mean Time	Height
Mon.	23	6:20	6.2	0:45	4.3
Tues.	24	7:35	5.9	1:15	2.6
Wed.	25	7:10	6.3	1:28	3.7
Thurs.	26	7:58	6.3	2:07	2.1
Fri.	27	8:22	6.0	3:24	1.9
Satur.	28	8:52	7.9	3:59	3.3
Sun.	29	9:20	8.3	3:23	3.6
		10:11:0	8.3	4:53	2.7
		10:58:5	8.5	5:52	3.7

FORTHCOMING EVENTS.

Friday, 27th Oct.—12:15 p.m.—Meeting of Licensing Board in Council Chamber.
Monday, 30th Oct.—Noon—Dairy Farm Co., Ltd., Meeting of Shareholders.

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HONGKONG HANSARD REPORTS of the MEETINGS of the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for the Session, 1916.

Revised by THE MEMBERS.

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A violent bombardment is reported at
Drova. Absolute confidence is felt in the Roman-
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